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01. ALBON, (Claude-Camille-François) Comte de: Discours politiques, historiques et critiques, sur quelques gouvernements de l'Europe. Neuchâtel, (Société Typographique), 1779. Three parts in one volume in 8vo ; pp. (6), 160, 145, (1), 126, (2) blank ; contemporary marbled calf, slightly rubbed, spine richly gilt with red gilt lettering-piece, a few tiny wormholes, marbled endpapers, sprinkled edges, inside clean and crisp, a very good copy.

190 €

First edition of these three discourses on England, Holland and Switzerland, based on the author's travels in Europe. In later years further discourses were published on Italy, Spain and Portugal. Le Comte d'Albon (1753-1789) was a liberal aristocrat. He associated with the physiocrats and was an editor of Baudeau's *Nouvelles Éphémérides* (1775-76) , and he wrote studies on Chamousset, Quesnay, and Court de Gebelin. **Not in Kress, Einaudi, and Goldsmiths. INED 21, Cioranescu 7476**

02. ALCHIAN, Armen A.: Economic forces at work. Selected works with an introduction by Ronald H. Coase. Indianapolis, Liberty Press, 1977. One large volume in 8vo; pp. 523, (1); original publisher's printed stiff wrappers, slightly rubbed at extremities, a few markings in pencil, else clean and crisp, a good+ copy.

30 €

Third printing. "Economists treat their heroes well. All our great men have had their works collected in volumes which are treasured and studied. It was therefore to be expected that the economics profession would want to see Armen Alchian's major papers gathered together and published as a book. Such a collection makes it much more convenient for those who wish to study his thought (as many do and will), but even more important, it exhibits in a way no single article can, the essential character of his approach." (Ronald Coase)

03. ALCHIAN, Armen A. & ALLEN, William R.: Exchange and production. Theory in use. Belmont, California, Wadsworth Publishing Company Inc., 1969. One large volume in 8vo; pp. (XIV), 620; original publisher's stiff printed wrappers, rubbed at extremities, front cover with three small scratches, table of contents and back free endpaper with annotations, else clean, a good+ copy.

30 €

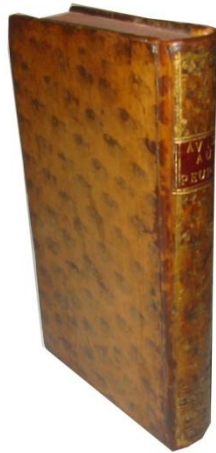
Third printing. Armen A. Alchian (1914-2013) was an American economist and professor of economics at the University of California in Los Angeles. He was the founder of the *UCLA tradition* in economics, a member of the Chicago School of Economics, and a prominent price theorist. "This book is essentially the exchange and production analysis portion of our more inclusive text *University Economics*, with modifications, additions, and reordering of topics to make it self-contained." (from preface)

04. ARGENSON, René-Louis de Voyer de Paulmy: Considérations sur le gouvernement ancien et présent de la France. À Amsterdam, chez Marc Michel Rey, 1764. One volume in 8vo. ; XVI, 328 pp. ; contemporary half calf over marbled boards, gilt spine with gilt lettering-piece, title printed in red and black with title vignette, yellow edges, corners a bit bumped, upper end of front hinge split, spine at top slightly chipped, inside clean and crisp, a good copy.

400 €

First edition. The author was a French writer on economic and political issues of his time. This work was prohibited in France because d'Argenson's ideas were too liberal.

He asked for *less government (laissez faire)*, the abolition of inherited distinctions between the estates, and the cessation of all interference with the production and distribution of goods. **Stourm p. 107, Oncken (Die Maxime laissez faire) pp. 55-80, Higgs 3090, Goldsmiths 10051**



05. BAUDEAU, l'Abbé: Avis au peuple sur son premier besoin; nouvelle édition revue & corrigée par l'Auteur. Amsterdam et Paris, chez Fr. Amer. Didot aîné, 1774. One volume in small 8vo ; pp. 324 ; contemporary speckled calf, re-backed using the original spine strip, spine richly gilt with red gilt lettering-piece, red edges, marbled endpapers, endpapers a bit browned, top margin with clear signs of humidity, else clean and crisp, a good copy.

680 €

A new edition, first published 1768. Nicolas Baudeau (1739-1792) was the founder of the periodical *Éphémérides du citoyen*. Dupont de Nemours converted him to Physiocracy in 1766 and in the following years he became an important promoter of the physiocratic doctrine. According to Weulersse "l'avis au peuple est un livre pratique, semi-technique, puisqu'il s'agit de mouture et de boulangerie, une oeuvre...écrite en vue de remédier d'urgence à la cherté, enfin d'aider aux vues saines et généreuses de l'Administration, qui en de telles circonstances porte seule le poids de la misère du peuple et de l'ignorance des subministrations ». **Barbier I, c. 358 ; Menger c. 548**

06. BEAUSOBRE, (Louis Isaac) de: Introduction générale à l'étude de la politique, des finances & du commerce. Nouvelle édition. Tome I-III. Berlin, chez Chretien Frederic Voss, 1771. Three volumes bound in two in 12mo ; pp. (4), XIV, 270 ; (2), 300 ; (4), 191, (1) ; contemporary speckled calf, raised bands, spines gilt in compartments with 2 gilt lettering-pieces, some corners rubbed, marbled edges and marbled endpapers, first and last leaves browned or foxed, else only occasional light foxing, clean and crisp, a very good set.

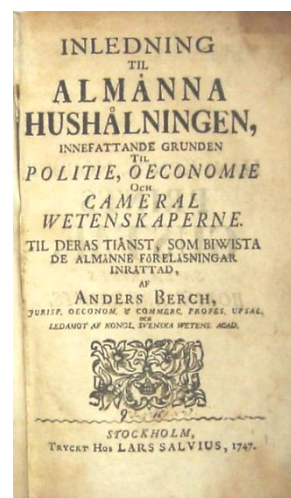
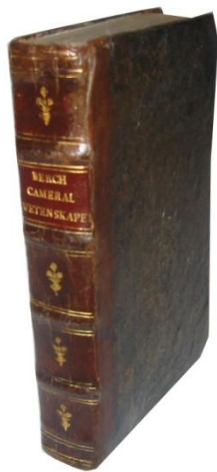
280 €

A new edition, first published 1764 in Berlin. Beausobre (1730-83) was a member of the Berlin Academy of Science. His work deals with all economic issues of the 18th century: agriculture, industry, taxes, finance, trade, colonies, population etc.. He emphasizes the advantage of abundant fertile soil and a large and growing population which he measures higher than the potential of industry and trade. **Einaudi 377**

07. BECKER, Gary S.: Accounting for tastes. Cambridge and London, Harvard University Press, 1996. One volume in 8vo; pp. VIII, (2), 268, (6) blank; original publisher's black cloth, silver lettering to spine, no rubbing or bumping, dust jacket present and in fine condition, not price clipped, inside clean and crisp, a fine copy. **80 €**

First edition, first printing. Economists generally accept as given the old adage that there's no accounting for tastes. Gary Becker disagrees, and in this new collection he confronts the problem of preferences and values: how they are formed and how they affect our behavior. (from dust jacket)

Early Swedish economics



08. BERCH, Anders: Inledning til Almänna Hushalningen, innefattande grunden til Politie, Oeconomie och Cameral Wetenskaperne. Stockholm, tryckt hos Lars Salvius, 1747. One volume in 8vo.; pp. (20), 412, (12) Register; contemporary half calf, corners strengthened, raised bands, some gilding, red gilt lettering-piece renewed to style, front endpaper with repair, some browning or foxing in places, a few pages with contemporary markings in brown ink, else clean, a good copy.

880 €

Rare first edition of the first economic text book in Sweden. **Kress S 1926, B.Sanderlin pp. 18-21,225; Humpert 793 1st German edition**

09. BLEIBTREU, L.C.: Handbuch der Contor-Wissenschaft. Karlsruhe, Druck und Verlag von Christian Theodor Groos, 1835. Ein Band in 8vo; XX, 908 Seiten; Pappband der Zeit, Ecken und Kanten mit kleineren Restaurierungen, etwas Rückenvergoldung und rotes goldgeprägtes Rückenschild, Name auf Vorsatz, erste Blätter stockfleckig und mit Wasserrand in der oberen Ecke, sonst nur leicht gebräunt und vereinzelt stockfleckig.

380 €

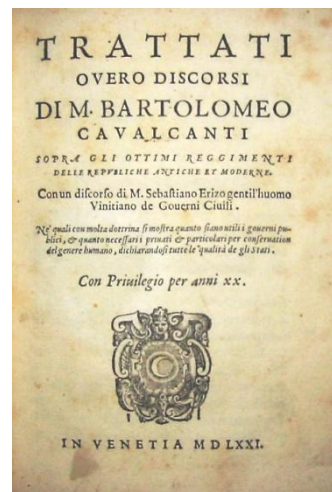
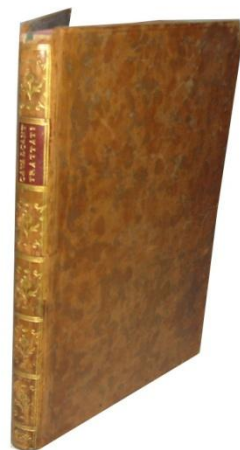
Erste Ausgabe, selten. Berühmtes kaufmännisches Handbuch, das viele Auflagen erlebte. Bleibtreu hat darin diejenigen Teile der Handelswissenschaft zusammen gefasst, die damals in der contoristischen Praxis zur Anwendung kamen.



10. BODIN, Jean: Les six livres de la republique. À Paris, chez Jacques du Puis, 1583. Bound with: **Bodin, Jean:** Apologie de René Herpin pour la republique. À Paris, chez Jacques du Puis, 1581. One volume in small 8vo; pp. (24), 1060, (44) table; 44 numbered leaves for the Apologie; contemporary calf, raised bands, spine gilt in compartments with gilt lettering-piece, spine ends skillfully repaired, sprinkled edges, engraved armorial exlibris to front cover pastedown, handwritten exlibris to front flyleaf and title page, woodcut headpieces and initials, a few contemporary underlinings, some mild browning or foxing at the beginning and at the end, else clean and crisp, a good copy.

1850 €

9th edition, first published by du Puis in 1576. This book is a landmark in modern European philosophy. Based on the *Politics* of Aristotle it is the first modern attempt to create a system of political science and influenced all thinkers on the subject throughout centuries. **Crahay, F 9a, p. 123.** The *Apologie* is the first dated edition after one without date and place, see **Crahay F2, p. 182.**



11. CAVALCANTI, Bartolomeo: Trattati overo discorsi di M. Bartolomeo Cavalcanti sopra gli ottimi regimenti delle republiche antiche et moderne. In Venetia, 1571. One volume in small 4to; (VIII) pp., 86, (1) leaves; vignette to title page, decorative woodcut initials and head-pieces, 18th century marbled calf, extremities slightly rubbed, upper spine end chipped, flat spine richly gilt with contrasting gilt lettering-piece, marbled endpapers, red edges, occasional light browning, eight leaves with closed worm trace in lower margin, else clean and crisp, a good to very good copy.

590 €

First edition of this treatise on political theory, posthumously published in 1571. This copy does not contain Sebastiano Erizo's small discourse on civil government. B. Cavalcanti was a Florentine diplomat and government official and a political theorist. For him the ideal form of government is democracy based on a healthy economy. **DBI XXII, p. 611**

12. COASE, R.H.: Essays on economics and economists. Chicago and London, The University of Chicago Press, 1994. One volume in 8vo; pp. VIII, 222; original publisher's brown cloth, no rubbing or bumping, gilt lettering to spine, dust jacket present and in perfect condition, inside clean and crisp, a fine copy. **120 €**

First edition, first printing. In these fifteen essays on the history and philosophy of economics, Coase reflects on some of the most fundamental concerns of economists over the past two centuries. How do economists decide what questions to address and how to choose their theories? How do they tackle the problems of the economic system and give advice on public policy? In his distinctive, lucid style, Coase examines economic theory from Adam Smith to George J. Stigler and offers his unique perspective on the future of the field. (from dust jacket)

13. (CONDORCET, Marie Jean Antoine Nicolas Caritat, Marquis de): Vie de Turgot. Londres (Paris), 1786. One volume in 8vo ; pp. (6), 246 ; contemporary full mottled calf, raised bands, spine gilt in compartments with contrasting gilt lettering-piece, marbled endpapers, spine at head and tail expertly repaired, engraved armorial ex libris on front cover pastedown, inside clean and crisp, a good copy. **490 €**

One of 4 issues from the year of the first edition. Together with Dupont de Nemours' biography published in 1782, this is the chief contemporary account of the great statesman, economist and friend of the physiocrats. In a footnote on pp. 130-136 Condorcet expresses Turgot's fiscal theories in mathematical terms, which makes him one of the pioneers of mathematical economics. **Barbier IV, 1015; it is issue B as described by A. Gerits in Harvard Library Bulletin 1992-93, vol III, no. 4, p.35; for other issues see INED 1186, Einaudi 1217, Kress B 1031-32**

14. (COQUEREAU, J.B.L.): Denkwürdigkeiten des General-Finanz-Controleurs des Abbé Terrai, die sein Leben, die Verwaltung seines Amtes, seine Intrigen, und seinen Fall enthalten. Berlin, bey Joachim Pauli, 1781. Zwei Bände in 12mo; 447, (1) Seiten; 328 Seiten; Halblederbände der Zeit auf 4 Bündeln, Rücken mit floraler Blindprägung, kontrastierende Rückenschildchen, Ecken etwas berieben, oberes Kapital von Band I repariert, Rotschnitt, Vorsätze sowie erste und letzte Blätter gebräunt, sonst durchgängig nur schwach gebräunt. **280 €**

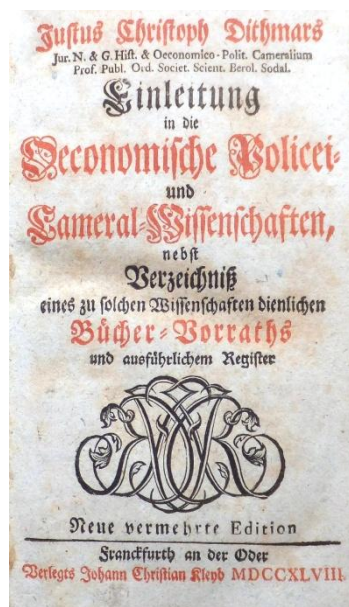
Seltene und einzige Übersetzung des apocryphen Werkes von Coquereau über den französischen Finanzminister Terrai (1769-74 im Amt), sein Fehlverhalten, seine Intrigen und seinen Sturz.

15. COYER, l'Abbé: La noblesse commerçante, nouvelle édition, Londres et Paris, chez Duchesne, 1756. Bound with : **(VENTO DES PENNES, Marquis de) :** La noblesse ramenée à ses vrais principes, ou examen du développement de la noblesse commerçante. Amsterdam et Paris, chez Desaint & Saillant, 1759. Bound with : **(MARCHAND, J.-H.) :** La noblesse commerçable ou ubiquiste. Amsterdam, n.n., 1756. Three works in one volume in 12mo ; frontispiece, pp. 215, (1); pp. IV, 307, (3); pp. (2), 111, (1); contemporary marbled calf, spine re-backed using the original spine strip, spine richly gilt with red gilt lettering-piece, gilding a bit faded, red edges, marbled endpapers, exlibris to front cover pastedown, a few pages at the end with signs of humidity in upper margin, else clean and crisp. **480 €**

1. One of the editions in 1756. Coyer describes the advantages of commerce for the aristocracy and for the country when the aristocracy is actively engaged in commerce. His ideas prompted numerous replies (see below). **Einaudi 1388, Higgs 1204**
2. First edition. Vento des Pennes did not share Coyer's opinion. He admits the necessity to develop the trade but does not see it as a role of the nobility. **Higgs 1981, Einaudi 5860**
3. First edition. Marchand also wants to point out his opinion on the subject. **INED 3058, Barbier III, c. 417**

16. DE L'ISLE DE SALES: Vie littéraire de Forbonnais. Paris, chez Fuchs, 1801. One small volume in 8vo; pp. 87, (1); interim wrappers, a bit rubbed, uncut, mild foxing throughout **380 €**

First edition, rare. Biography and bibliography of Veron de Forbonnais (1722-1800), famous French economist of the second half of the 18th century who wrote some 50 articles and books on finance, taxation, luxury, commerce, legislation a.o.. **INED 1333**



17. DITHMAR, JUSTUS CHRISTOPH: Einleitung in die Oeconomische Policei- und Cameral-Wissenschaften, nebst Verzeichniss eines zu solchen Wissenschaften dienlichen Büchervorrathes und ausführlichem Register. Neue vermehrte Edition. 1748. Frankfurt/ Oder, Johann Christian Kleyd, 1748. 8vo, pp. xvi, 304, including bibliography and index; title printed in red and black; bound in contemporary half vellum over sprinkled paper boards, printed spine label; some surface wear to boards; occasional light browning and spotting; insignificant worm hole to lower inner hinge.

1650 €

Third edition, first published in 1731. Dithmar's *Einleitung in die Cameral-Wissenschaften* held a central position in the spreading of economic theory in Germany and is especially directed at the teaching of the science at university. The scope of the university course was to teach 'how wealth may be acquired, how acquired wealth may be retained or employed with moderation to the honour of God' (ISS, V, p. 174). The author not only gives an introduction into the current rules and regulations of Prussia as regards agriculture, manufacturing, finance, and taxes, but also gives legal and social information. In every chapter Dithmar makes detailed reference both to legal texts and to cameralistic textbooks. He ends the book with a detailed bibliography of books relevant for the subject. The very detailed index shows the wide variety of subjects treated, from the rights of Jews in the community, to banking, bankruptcy, and admission to universities, among others.

Dithmar (1677-1737) was the first professor of political economy at the Viadrina University at Frankfurt/Oder, and in the preface reprints the foundation document for the chair of political economy (Cameralia Oeconomica). Friedrich Wilhelm I of Prussia had arranged for the foundation of two chairs of 'politica, oeconomica and cameralia' in 1727, because he was convinced of the importance of teaching the principles of true economy to landowners and training civil servants in the fundamentals of administration and public finance.

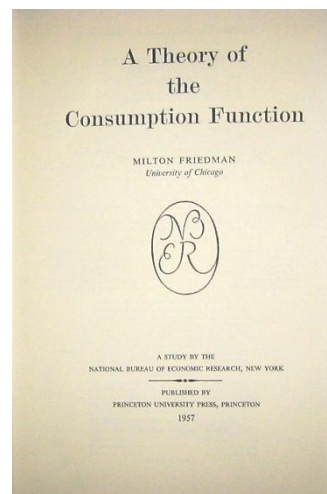
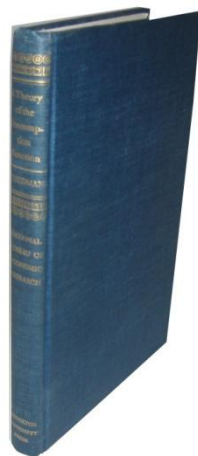
VD 18 12141461-007; Goldsmiths'-Kress 8358.2; quite scarce, no edition in Goldsmiths' or Einaudi; the text was certainly popular, reaching five editions in all.

18. DUNCAN, William: The elements of logic in four books. Edinburgh, printed for Bell & Bradfute and others, 1807. One volume in small 8vo; pp. VIII, 243, (1); contemporary brown calf, some gilding to spine and contrasting gilt lettering-piece, very little rubbed, two names on half-title verso, a few leaves slightly browned, else clean and crisp, a very good copy. **55 €**

Later edition, first published in 1776. W. Duncan was professor of philosophy in the Marshall College of Aberdeen. He designed this book for young gentlemen at the university, and to prepare the way to the study of philosophy and the mathematics.

19. FOURIER, Charles: De l'anarchie industrielle et scientifique. Paris, Librairie Phalanstérienne, 1847. One small volume in 12mo ; pp. 70, (2) ; original printed wrappers skillfully restored at spine and corners, covers browned, inside clean and crisp. **240 €**

First edition. Important essay posthumously published which Fourier had composed as preface of his *Nouveau monde industriel*. **Kress C 7089, Einaudi 1951, Goldsmiths 35450**



20. FRIEDMAN, Milton: A Theory of the Consumption Function. Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1957. One volume in 8vo; pp. XVI, 243, (1); original blue publisher's cloth, gilt lettering to spine, corners very slightly bumped, inner front hinge with small repair, inside clean and crisp, a very good copy.

380 €

First edition, first printing of Friedman's most important work. It "re-interpreted the Keynesian concept of the consumption function by relating it to lifetime instead of current income. For its ingenious manipulation of data and its reconciliation of apparently conflicting evidence, this book must rank as one of the masterpieces of modern econometrics." **Blaug, Great Economists since Keynes, p. 63**

21. FRIEDMAN, Milton and others: Studies in the quantity theory of money. Chicago, The University of Chicago Press, 1956. One volume in 8vo; pp. (VI), 265, (1); original publisher's blue cloth, no rubbing or bumping, gilt lettering to spine, name on front free endpaper, inside clean and crisp, a near fine copy. **60 €**

First edition. Essays by M. Friedman, Ph. Cagan, J.J. Klein, E.M. Lerner and R.T. Selden. These essays are linked together by a common theoretical approach – the quantity theory of money – which after two decades of neglect is now revived by a group of economists of the Chicago School in a vital demonstration of the fruitfulness of its principles. (from the dust jacket of another copy)

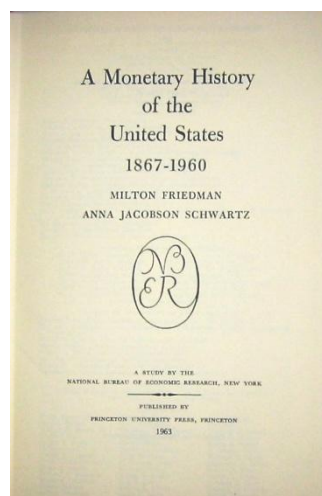
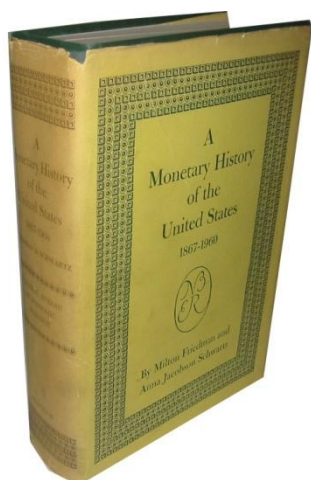
22. FRIEDMAN, Milton: A theoretical framework for monetary analysis. New York and London, Columbia University Press, 1971. One volume in 8vo; pp. (8), 69 (3) blank; original publisher's blue cloth, silver lettering to spine and front cover, no rubbing or bumping, inside clean and crisp, a fine copy. **50 €**

First edition. Published by the National Bureau of Economic Research as occasional paper 112. "Several reviewers of our *A Monetary History of the United States, 1867-1960* (Friedman and Schwartz 1963) criticized us for not making the theoretical framework employed in the book explicit. This paper is largely a response to that criticism." (footnote to the introduction on page 1)

23. FRIEDMAN, Milton: The Counter-Revolution in Monetary Theory. Foreword by Lord Robbins. London, The Institute of Economic Affairs, 1970. One small volume in 8vo; pp. 28; original printed stiff wrappers, outside and inside clean, a near fine copy.

50 €

First edition. First Wincott Memorial Lecture delivered at the Senate House, University of London, 16 September, 1970. "Professor Friedman's contributions to monetary history and monetary theory are of course available in many publications....The present lecture, however, must be specially welcome to all who are interested in these subjects in that it embodies, with the simplifications inevitable in an hour's lecture, a general conspectus of his present position on the general value of the quantity theory of money, both as a guide to the understanding of financial phenomena and as furnishing prescriptions on practical policy." (Lord Robbins)



24. FRIEDMAN, Milton and JACOBSON SCHWARTZ, Anna: A monetary history of the United States 1867-1960. A study by the National Bureau of Economic Research, New York. Published by Princeton University Press, 1971.

One large volume in 8vo; pp. XXIV, 860, (2) blank, with 2 folding tables; original publisher's green cloth, title printed in silver to spine, no rubbing or bumping, dust jacket present, not price-clipped, somewhat darkened at spine, with closed tears at extremities, inside clean and crisp, a fine copy with a very good dust jacket.

500 €

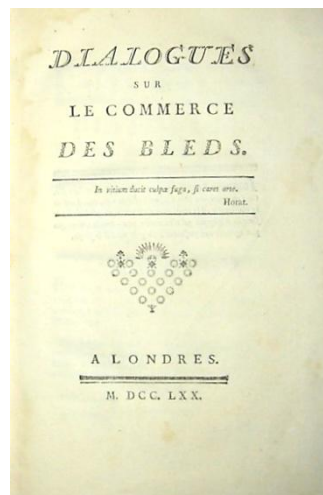
First edition, first printing. "Friedman's monetarism was given authority by the publication of the stupendous *Monetary History of the United States 1867-1960*." **Blaug: Great economists since Keynes, p. 64**

25. FRIEDMAN, Milton: Milton Friedman on economics. Selected Papers. With an afterword by Gary. S. Becker. Chicago and London, The University of Chicago Press, 2007. Publisher's soft cover, no rubbing or bumping, inside clean and crisp, a fine copy.

40 €

First edition. The essays in this volume originally appeared in issues of *The Journal of Political Economy* and *The Journal of Law and Economics* between 1948 and 1990. It also includes Friedman's Nobel Lecture: Inflation and unemployment of 1976.

A successful attack on the physiocrats



26. (GALIANI, Ferdinando): Dialogues sur le commerce des bleds. A Londres, 1770. One volume in 8vo ; pp. (4), 314, (2) ; bound in 19th century half morocco over marbled boards, corners strengthened, some gilding and gilt lettering to spine, very little rubbed, first few leaves with very light damp stain at inner margin, speckled edges, clean and crisp, a very good copy.

1500 €

First edition. The Abbé Galiani (1728-87) was a Neapolitan envoy to the Court of Paris. He is well known as a writer on political and economic subjects (i.e. *Della moneta*, 1750) . In the present work he exposes his ideas about the interdependence of agriculture, manufacture and the size of population, opposing the ideas of the physiocrats. His book created such storm of intermixed praise and criticism that Morellet was commissioned on behalf of the government to answer it (*Réfutation de l'ouvrage qui a pour titre: Dialogues...*). **INED 1948, Kress 6730, Einaudi 2334**

27. HAYEK, F.A. von: Der Strom der Güter und Dienstleistungen. Tübingen, J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), 1984. Ein schmaler Band in 8vo; 28 Seiten; bedruckte Originalbroschur, innen und außen sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar. **30 €**

Erste Ausgabe. Basiert auf einem Vortrag, gehalten am 27.1.1981 an der London School of Economics mit dem Titel *The Flow of Goods and Services*. Dieser Vortrag wurde danach in das Werk *The Fatal Conceit* eingearbeitet.

28. HAZLITT, Henry: The failure of the “new economics”. An analysis of the Keynesian fallacies. Princeton, D. Van Nostrand, 1959. One large volume in 8vo; pp. XII, 458; original publisher’s cloth, spine ends slightly bumped, title in white to spine and in red to front cover, dust jacket present, not price clipped and in very good+ condition, now protected under mylar, private name stamp to front free endpaper, else clean and crisp, a near fine copy in a very good+ dust jacket.

180 €

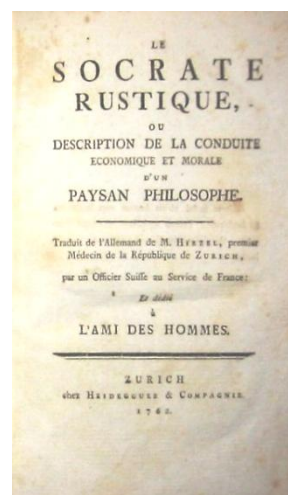
First edition, first printing. “In his thoroughgoing but lively new book, Henry Hazlitt subjects Keynes’ celebrated work (the general theory of employment, interest, and money, 1936) to a penetrating critical analysis, chapter-by-chapter and theorem-by-theorem. He challenges every leading Keynesian tenet: the attempted refutation of Say’s Law, the fear of thrift and saving; the alleged dependence of employment on “the propensity to consume”; the disparagement of the gold standard; the “liquidity preference” explanation of interest rates; the attack on “speculation”; and above all the contention that unemployment is not caused by wage-rates that are excessive in relation to prices or production”. (from dust jacket)

29. HICKS, J.R.: The theory of wages. London, Macmillan and Co., Limited, 1932. One volume in 8vo; pp. (2) blank, XIV, 247, (1); original brown publisher’s cloth, extremities a bit rubbed and bumped, gilt lettering to spine, front free endpaper with name, inside clean and crisp, a very good copy.

200 €

First edition, first printing. John R. Hicks (1904-1989) was one of the half-dozen outstanding economic theorists of the 20th century. A student of Lionel Robbins, Hicks’ works influenced dynamically most serious economists who followed. The object of this book is “a restatement of the theory of wages in a form which shall be reasonably abreast of modern economic knowledge”.

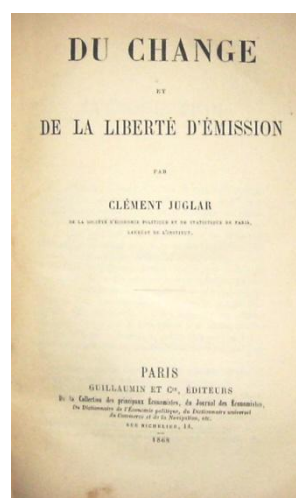
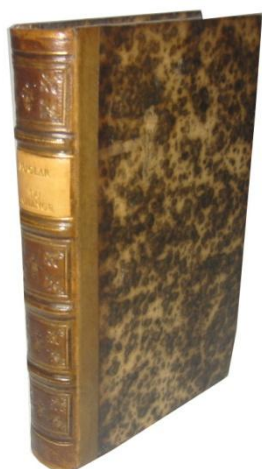
Catalogue Sraffa 2497



30. HIRZEL, C.: Le socrate rustique, ou description de la conduit économique et morale d'un paysan philosophe. Traduit de l'Allemand de M. Hirzel, premier Médecin de la République de Zurich, par un Officier Suisse au Service de France : et dédié à L'AMI DES HOMMES. Zurich, chez Heidegger & Compagnie, 1762. One volume in small 8vo ; pp. 208; Contemporary half calf over marbled boards, spine gilt with red gilt lettering-piece, corners slightly bumped, slightly foxed in places, else clean and crisp, a very good copy.

450 €

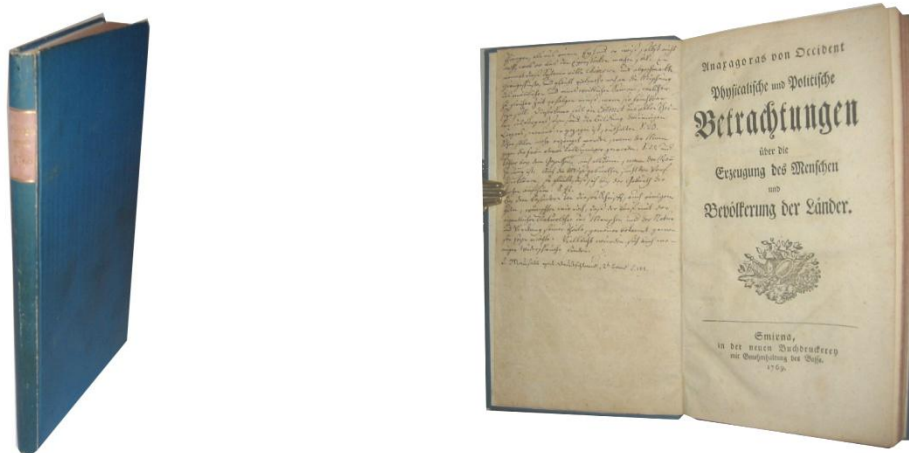
First edition in French, published by the same editor as the original edition in German (in 1761). It was this French edition which made Hirzel's work popular on a European level. It describes a model farm and the moral and economical conduct of a rustic philosopher named Kliyogg. This French edition is dedicated to the Marquis de Mirabeau (*l'Ami des Hommes*), the most popular physiocrat. **Carpenter (Dialogue in political economy, No. 23) p. 56**



31. JUGLAR, Clément : Du change et de la liberté d'émission. Paris, Guillaumin et Cie., 1868. One volume in 8vo ; pp. (4), XII, 496, with 7 tables at the end of which 2 are large folding tables ; re-cased into a contemporary half calf binding with marbled boards, very little rubbed, corners strengthened, spine with blind stamped decorations and a contrasting gilt lettering-piece, contemporary marbled endpapers, first and last leaf strengthened at inner hinge, first three leaves with small brown stain in lower margin, else clean and crisp, a very good copy.

780 €

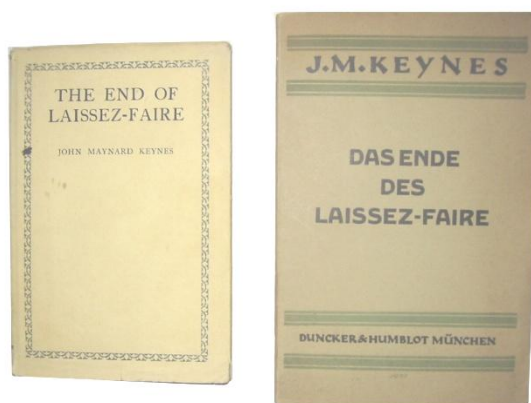
First edition, rare. Clément Juglar (1819-1905), like his more illustrious compatriot Fr. Quesnay, is an example of a physician turned economist. The circular flow of economic life – which is often said Quesnay saw in terms of an analogy to the circulatory system – in Juglar's work seems have as its counterpart the view of the economic process as one of quasi-rhythmical variations between good and bad trade. This simple idea has been of profound importance in the study of alterations in the conditions of economic prosperity ever since. (New Palgrave). *Du change et de la liberté d'émission* is his contribution to international price theory where he connects the money market mechanics with the international movement of precious metals, on the one hand, and business cycles on the other. **Blaug, Great economists before Keynes, pp 104-105; IESS pp. 324-326; New Palgrave II, p. 1037**



32. ANAXAGORAS VON OCCIDENT (=JUSTI, J.G.H.von): Physicalische und politische Betrachtungen über die Erzeugung des Menschen und Bevölkerung der Länder. Smirna, in der neuen Buchdruckerei mit Genehmigung des Bassa (d.i. Breslau, Korn), 1769. Ein Band in 8vo; 152 Seiten; grüner Pappband von ca. 1920 mit goldgeprägtem Rückenschild, gering berieben, der vordere Vorsatz beidseitig mit Anmerkungen von alter Hand, gering gebräunt, innen sonst sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

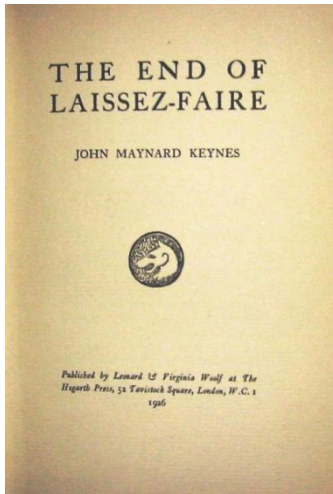
780 €

Erste Ausgabe, sehr selten. Justi verfasste diese Schrift wohl während seiner Haft auf der Festung Küstrin. Auch Justi ist der Auffassung, dass der Reichtum des Staates in seiner arbeitenden Bevölkerung besteht. Folglich ist das kameralistische Ziel der Reichtums- und Machtentfaltung des Staates gegenüber anderen nur durch eine ausgeprägte Populationspolitik zu erreichen. Dabei kommt er zu Vorschlägen, deren technokratische Rationalität an Huxley's *Brave New World* erinnern lassen. So scheut er sich nicht, die Einrichtung von Frauenhäusern zu empfehlen, in denen Männer Kinder zeugen, die dann unter staatlicher Obhut zweckgerichtet aufgezogen werden. **Kress S 2388, Menger Sp. 39**



33. KEYNES, John Maynard: The End of Laissez-Faire. London, Published by Leonard & Virginia Woolf at the Hogarth Press, 1926. One volume in small 8vo; pp. 53, (3); original half cloth over blue boards, very little bumped at spine ends, dust jacket present, bumped and frayed at extremities with 3 small stains, free endpapers mildly browned, else clean and crisp, a very good copy in a good+ dust jacket.

300 €



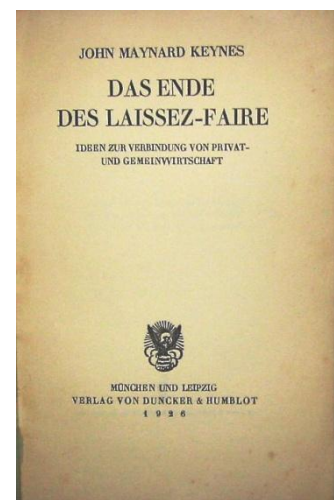
Rare first edition. Keynes presents a brief historical review of laissez-faire economic policy. Though he agrees in principle that the marketplace should be free of government interference, he suggests that government can play a constructive role in protecting individuals from the worst harms of capitalism's cycles, especially as concerns unemployment. **Masui p. 302, Catalogue Sraffa 2990, Mattioli 1808**

34. KEYNES, John Maynard: Das Ende des Laissez-Faire. Ideen zur Verbindung von Privat- und Gemeinwirtschaft. München und Leipzig, Verlag von Duncker & Humblot, 1926. Ein schmaler Band in 8vo; 40, (4) Seiten; originaler bedruckter Kartoneinband, zu den Rändern hin leicht gebräunt, innen sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes

Exemplar.

60 €

Erste deutsche Ausgabe. Dieser Schrift liegt eine Vorlesung des Verfassers an der Universität Berlin am 23. Juni 1926 zugrunde. Keynes gibt zunächst einen geschichtlichen Überblick über die Entwicklung der Idee und der praktischen Anwendung einer Wirtschaftspolitik des „laissez-faire“. Obwohl er im Prinzip zustimmt, dass der Markt nicht durch Eingriffe der Regierung beeinflusst werden sollte, billigt er der Regierung eine konstruktive Rolle zu, wenn es um den Schutz der Bürger vor den schlimmsten Auswirkungen des Kapitalismus geht wie zum Beispiel Entlassungen und Arbeitslosigkeit. **Masui S. 1114**



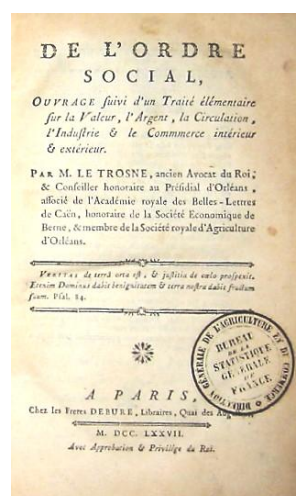
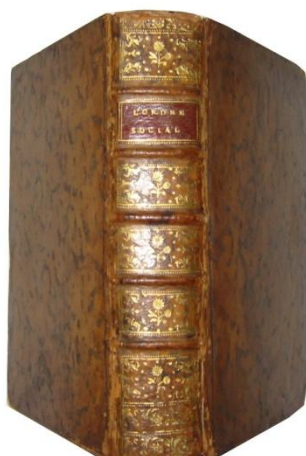
35. (LAVOISIER, Antoine Laurent): Rapport sur la caisse d'escompte, fait à l'Assemblée Nationale, le 4 décembre (1789), par ses commissaires, et imprimé par son ordre. (caption title), (Paris, 1789). 8vo ; 56 pp. ; with three tables and one folding leaf, modern marbled boards, spine with red gilt lettering-piece, clean and crisp, a very good copy. **290 €**

First edition. Report covering the history of the caisse d'escompte since its foundation: its activities, its statutes, and how it made use of its credit and funds. **INED 4742, Kress B 1553, Stourm p. 173**

36. (LAVOISIER, Antoine Laurent): Adresse des actionnaires de la caisse d'escompte, à Nosseigneurs de l'Assemblée Nationale. Du 20 novembre 1789. Paris, chez Baudouin, (1789). 8vo ; 8 pp. ; modern black boards, red gilt lettering-piece to spine, extremities very slightly rubbed, some browning throughout, a good copy. **130 €**

First edition. According to Duveen & Klickstein Lavoisier has substantially contributed to these reflections about a possible cooperation between the Caisse d'Escompte and the Banque Nationale. He also defends the policy and the achievements of the Caisse d'Escompte. **Kress B 1551, Goldsmiths 13866**

A clear and methodical exposition of the physiocratic system



37. LE TROSNE, Guillaume François: *De l'ordre social* (consisting of *de l'ordre social, discours prononcé au Baillage d'Orléans, de l'intérêt social*). Paris, chez les Frères Debure, 1777. One volume in 8vo ; pp. XXXI, (1), 1-450 ordre social, 451-488 discours, 489-724 intérêt social, 725-26 approbation et privilège du roi, 727-28 errata ; contemporary marbled calf, raised bands, spine decoratively gilt in compartments, gilt-lettered spine label, extremities rubbed and bumped, spine end chipped, front hinge at top and bottom with tear of 3-5 cm, some browning of preliminary leaves, library stamp on title, a few leaves with unobtrusive pencil marks, else clean, in all still a good copy.

2.500 €

First edition. Le Trosne was a lawyer. Attracted by the natural law aspects of their system, he joined the physiocrats in 1764, contributing articles to their journal, and writing works defending and explaining their ideas. In his *ordre social* he explains the social principles professed by the physiocrats. This is followed by his famous speech advocating the free trade of grain within France. *L'intérêt social* belongs to the strict field of economics and treats that subject with great depth. **INED 2879, Einaudi 3358, Kress B 55, Goldsmiths 11539, Menger c. 605, Cioranescu 40036**

38. LIEBKNECHT, Karl: *Studien über die Bewegungsgesetze der gesellschaftlichen Entwicklung*. Kurt Wolff Verlag, München, 1922. Ein Band in 8vo; 367, (1) Seiten; originales Halbleinen, Titel in Gold auf Rücken und in schwarz und rot auf Vorderdeckel, minimal bestossen, Papier vom roten Knopfschnitt her schwach gebräunt, sehr sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

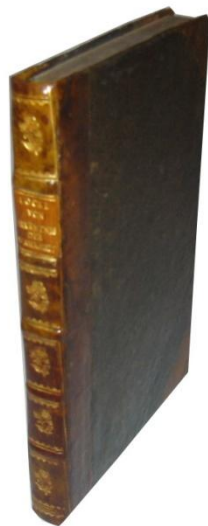
50 €

Erste Ausgabe, posthum aus dem wissenschaftlichen Nachlass herausgegeben von Dr. Morris. Liebknecht wollte nichts anderes sein als ein „revolutionärer, internationaler Soldat im Befreiungskampfe der Arbeiterklasse“. Das vorliegende Werk stellt gleichsam die tiefere metaphysische Einordnung dieses Kampfes in den Zusammenhang der Welt und des Geschehens dar. Der soziale Kampf der Arbeiterklasse, dem Liebknecht diente und dem er sich opferte, ist ihm nichts anderes als der Weg zu einem neuen Humanismus. (aus dem Vorwort)

39. LIST, Friedrich: Gesammelte Schriften, herausgegeben von Ludwig Häusser. Erster Theil – Zweiter Theil – Dritter Theil. Stuttgart und Tübingen, J.G. Cotta'scher Verlag, 1850-51. Drei Teile in einem dicken Band in 8vo; VI, (4), 412 Seiten; (4), 468 Seiten; (2) blank, XLVIII, 413, (3) Seiten; Halbleder der Zeit über marmorierten Deckeln, etwas Rückenvergoldung und goldgeprägter Rückentitel, Kapitale bestossen, vorderes Gelenk und Ecken fachmännisch repariert, marmorierte Vorsätze, Exlibris auf Vorderdeckel verso, Titel von Teil I mit verblasstem Namenszug, Schnitt angestaubt bzw. gebräunt, innen im äußeren Rand leicht gebräunt, sonst sauberes Exemplar.

580 €

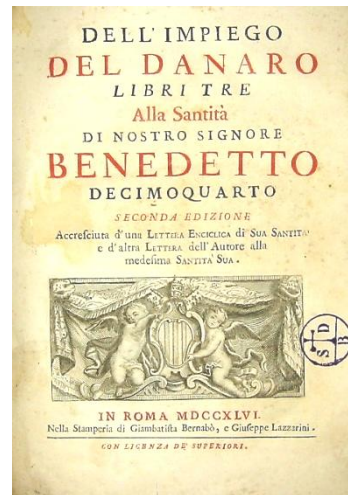
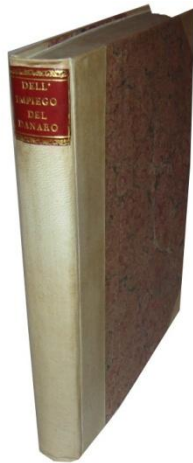
Erste Ausgabe der unvollendet gebliebenen Werksausgabe von Fr. List (1789-1846). Die vollständige Ausgabe *Schriften, Reden, Briefe* erschien erst 1927-35 in 10 Bänden. List war einer der ersten und heftigsten Kritiker der klassischen Schule. Für ihn war globaler Freihandel ein Ideal, das nur in sehr ferner Zukunft erreicht werden könnte. Entscheidend sei, dass jede Nation erst einmal die Entwicklung ihrer eigenen Industrien durch Einfuhrzölle oder Importverbote fördern sollte. **Goldsmiths 36757, Menger Sp. 85, Sauer 5/1968: 1879**



40. LOCKE, John: Johann Lockens Anleitung des menschlichen Verstandes zur Erkantniß der Wahrheit nebst desselben Abhandlung von den Wunderwerken, aus dem Englischen übersetzt von Georg David Kypke. Königsberg, bey Johann Heinrich Hartung, 1755. Ein Band in kl. 8vo; (16), 176, 16 Seiten; Halbleder der Zeit mit Lederecken, Rücken im Stile der Zeit fachmännisch erneuert mit Vergoldung und goldgeprägtem Rückenschild, Vorsätze gebräunt oder etwas stockfleckig, innen im Satzspiegel leicht gebräunt, sonst sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

1550 €

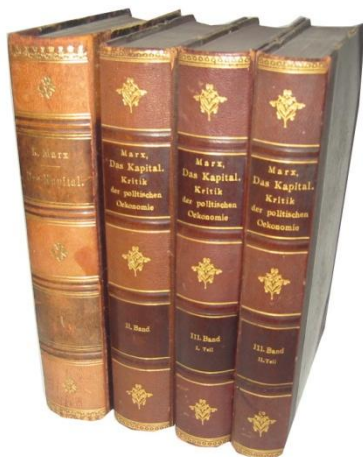
Erste deutsche Ausgabe von John Locke's Schrift *An essay concerning human understanding*, London 1690. Die Philosophie Locke's geht von der Frage der Lebensgestaltung aus, die er im empirischen Sinne beantwortet. Und da nach ihm überall „die Vernunft... unser letzter Richter und Führer sein“ muß, so interessieren ihn vor allem die Leistungsfähigkeit, Ursprung, Gewißheit und Umfang der menschlichen Erkenntnis und die Grundsätze, „nach welchen wir in Dingen, wo keine gewisse Erkenntnis stattfindet, unsern Beifall und unsere Überzeugung bestimmen sollten.“ Diesen Fragen ist Locke's Hauptwerk, der *Essay concerning human understanding*, gewidmet. **Philosophen-Lexikon II, S. 67**



41. MAFFEI, Scipione: Dell' impiego del danaro libri tre, alla santità di nostro signore Benedetto decimoquarto. Secunda edizione. In Roma, nella Stamperia di Giambattista Bernabò, e Guiseppe Lazzarini, 1746.

One volume in small 4to; pp. XXXVI, 300; recently rebound to style in half vellum over marbled boards, red gilt lettering-piece to spine, corners strengthened, endpapers renewed, title page with small stamp, first and last leaves a bit browned or foxed, last seven leaves with light traces of humidity in upper margin, else clean and crisp, a good copy. **480 €**

Second edition, first published 1744 in Verona. This work favours the legitimacy of interest. Maffei tries to prove that interest-bearing loans in principle had never been prohibited by the catholic church. His books provoked massive criticism which resulted in the encyclical *Vix Pervenit* in 1745. **Kress 4818, Kress Italian economic literature 256.**



42. MARX, Karl: Das Kapital. Kritik der politischen Ökonomie. Hamburg, Verlag von Otto Meissner, 1890, 1903, 1904. Drei Bände in vier in 8vo; Band I, 4. Aufl., XXXII, 739, (1) Seiten; Band II, 3. Aufl., XXVII, (1), 500 Seiten; Band III/1, 2. Aufl., XXVIII, 448 Seiten; Band III/2, 2. Aufl., IV, 422 Seiten; zeitgenössisches Halbmaroquin über marmorierten Deckeln, Ecken verstärkt, leicht berieben, Rückenvergoldung und zwei kontrastierende goldgeprägte Rückenschilder, Einband von Band I leicht abweichend, dekorative Vorsätze, Titelblatt von Band I mit Eckabriss, erste und letzte Blätter gering stockfleckig oder leicht gebräunt, innen nur vereinzelt leichte Stockflecken oder Bräunung, sonst sauber und frisch, sehr gutes Exemplar.

1180 €

Vollständiges Exemplar des Magnum Opus von Karl Marx (1818-1883). Es ist eines der einflussreichsten Werke des 19. und 20. Jahrhunderts und stellt die bedeutendste kritische Analyse des Kapitalismus dar. **Lexikon ökonomischer Werke, S. 312-313**

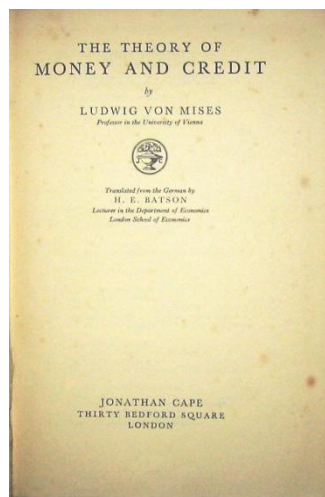
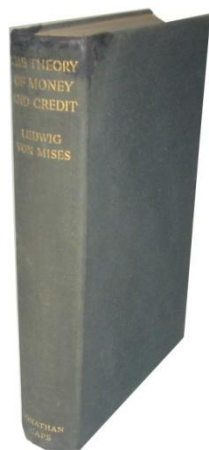
43. (MELON, Jean François) : Essai politique sur le commerce. Par Monsieur M***. Amsterdam, chez François Changuion, 1735. One volume in small 12mo ; pp. (2) blank, (4) title and table, (10) catalogue, 251, (1) ; contemporary calf, spine re-backed to style with red gilt lettering-piece, raised bands, corners with small repair, inner front hinge strengthened, engraved exlibris *Sr. Lucius O'Brien Bar.* to front cover pastedown, endpapers browned, title printed in red and black with engraved title-vignette showing Erasmus, inside clean and crisp, a good copy.

480 €

This is the only 1735 edition followed by many more in later years (first published in 1734). Melon is considered as one of the precursors of the physiocrats. He was secretary to John Law, and his essay is the principal contemporary discussion of Law's ideas. He was the first to look at commerce as a science. **Barbier II, 224; Kress 4229, Goldsmiths 7281**

44. MEYER, J.: Das Geld. Eine national-ökonomische Studie. Wien, Verlag von Faesy & Frick, 1872. Ein schmaler Band in 8vo, (4), 117, (1) Seiten; bedruckte Originalbroschur, lichtrandig und am Rücken nachgedunkelt, ursprünglich ungeöffnet, jetzt neu beschnitten, daher innen sehr sauber und frisch, gutes Exemplar. **50 €**

Erste Ausgabe. „Der Zweck der vorliegenden Schrift ist, die wichtigsten Fragen im Gebiete des Geld- und speciell des Münzwesens vorzugsweise vom theoretischen Standpunkte zu erörtern, und durch Hervorhebung der bei denselben in Betracht kommenden wesentlichen Momente zum Verständnis und zur Uebersicht dieser complicirten Materie beizutragen.“ (aus dem Vorwort). **Menger Sp. 262, Masui S. 832**



45. MISES, Ludwig von: The theory of money and credit. Translated from the German by H.E. Batson. London, Jonathan Cape, 1934. One volume in 8vo; pp. 445, (3) blank; original black cloth, gilt lettering to spine, upper spine end with repair, front free endpaper missing, name on half title, bottom edge uncut, first and last leaves a bit foxed, inside only occasional very light foxing, else clean and crisp, in all still a good copy.

280 €

First edition in English. Mises' achievements in economic theory built upon the insights of the Austrian School of Economics. His first pioneering accomplishment was to extend Austrian analysis into money. In his *Theory of Money and Credit* he succeeded in integrating money into micro-theory, demonstrating how the marginal utility of money interacts with utilities of other goods and with the supply of money to determine money prices (**Murray N. Rothbard in The New Palgrave**)

46. MISES, Ludwig von: The free and prosperous commonwealth. An Exposition of the ideas of classical liberalism. Princeton, D. Van Nostrand, 1962. One volume in 8vo; pp. X, 207, (1); original publisher's green cloth, a small stain to front cover and remains of a paper label to spine, silver lettering to spine, inside clean and crisp, tipped in are the front and back flap of the original dust jacket as well as two reviews of the book (one by Murray N. Rothbard), in all a very good copy. **110 €**

First edition. "In this book, published originally in 1927, one of the most eminent contemporary champions of liberty presents a concise but comprehensive exposition of the fundamental principles of the philosophy of freedom and of the ideas and policies that in the nineteenth century were denoted by the term "liberalism". With masterful lucidity he clarifies all the issues involved in the practical application of these doctrines to both domestic affairs and international relations." (from dust jacket)

47. MISES, Ludwig von: The anti-capitalistic mentality. Princeton, D. Van Nostrand, 1956. One volume in 8vo; pp. VI, 114; original publisher's cloth in red and black, extremities slightly bumped, silver lettering to spine and front cover, dust jacket present, rubbed and frayed at extremities with a small loss, inside clean and crisp, a very good+ copy with a good dust jacket. **100 €**

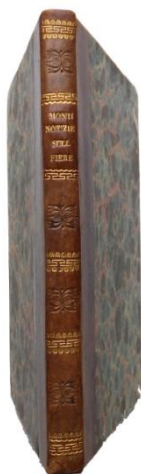
First edition. "Capitalism has raised this country's standard of living to an unprecedented level. Why, then, do so many Americans loathe capitalism? One of the world's renowned libertarian economists, Ludwig von Mises, here incisively analyzed the roots and consequences of this anti-capitalistic bias." (from dust jacket)

48. MISES, Ludwig von: Die Wurzeln des Antikapitalismus. Frankfurt am Main, Fritz Knapp Verlag, 1958. Ein Band in 8vo; 125, (3) Seiten; originales Verlagsleinen mit goldgeprägtem Titel auf Rücken und Vorderdeckel, Rücken leicht aufgehell, nicht berieben oder bestossen, Schutzumschlag mit kleinen Einrissen am oberen Rand sowie am Rücken leicht aufgehell, ins gesamt gutes bis sehr gutes Exemplar. **80 €**

Erste deutsche Ausgabe von *The anti-capitalistic mentality*, Princeton 1956. „Obwohl der Lebensstandard in den Ländern der freien Welt im Vergleich zu den Staates des Ostblocks unbestritten hoch ist, hassen viele Leute – darunter auch manche Intellektuelle – den Kapitalismus leidenschaftlich. Das vorliegende Buch des bekannten Nationalökonom analysiert das antikapitalistische Vorurteil und legt seine Wurzeln und Folgen bloß.“ (vom Schutzumschlag)

49. MOLL, C.L.: Der Werth. Eine neue Theorie desselben. Leipzig, Verlag von Arthur Felix, 1877. Ein schmaler Band in 8vo; 48 Seiten; bedruckte Originalbroschur, Ecken und Kanten nur gering bestossen, an den Rändern leicht gebräunt, innen sauber und frisch, sehr gutes Exemplar. **190 €**

Erste Ausgabe, selten. C.L. Moll war Professor am Polytechnikum in Riga. Für ihn war die Theorie des Wertes noch nicht abgeschlossen, und er zitiert als Beweis berühmte Nationalökonomien wie Hildebrand oder Schäffle. Mit seiner neuen Theorie will er erreichen, dass Wertgrößen wirklich ermittelt und durch Zahlen ausgedrückt werden können (Einleitung S. 9). **Menger Sp. 267, Masui 884**



50. MONTI, GIOACCHINO: Notizie storiche sull'Origine delle Fieri dello Stato Ecclesiastico. Dell'utilità delle medesime, dei privilegi ad esse accordati dai Sommi Pontefici, del giorno e durata della loro celebrazione, a cui vanno unite tutte le nozioni generali di quelle che sono stabilite in Italia, ed in Europa. Rome, Giuseppe Salviucci, 1828.

8vo, steel engraved portrait frontispiece portrait by Tosetti, pp. [iv], 91, [1] imprint, [4] blank; occasional light spotting; contemporary calf-backed marbled boards, flat spine gilt, with gilt-lettered spine label; from the library of Sachetti, with bookplate to front pastedown; an attractive copy.

450 €

First edition of this interesting study of the emergence of trade fairs in the Papal States and other countries. Of particular interest is the comparative analysis of the effect these trade fairs had on economic and technological development. After a brief historical section, describing the fairs of Frankfurt and other European countries, Monti deals in more detail with the fairs held in Ascoli, Cesena, Faenza, Fermo, Lugo, Ravenna, Senigallia, and Viterbo. In each case the date of the first fair is given, together with some historical information on the town, followed by details of length and frequency and special importance of the fair. Some of the earlier fairs described deal with agricultural products etc. rather than industrial exhibits.

Goldsmiths'-Kress 25739A.4; Einaudi, 4002; not in Mattioli.

51. MURRAY, David: Chapters in the history of bookkeeping, accountancy & commercial arithmetic. Glasgow, Jackson, Wylie & Co., 1930. One thick volume in 8vo.; pp. VI, (2), 519,(1); original publisher's green cloth, very little rubbed or bumped, gilt lettering to spine, all edges untrimmed, printed on thick paper, clean and crisp, a very good copy.

100 €

First edition; a work on the history of accounting techniques. **Mansell p. 206, Hausdorfer p. 417, Cat. Sraffa 4281**

52. MYRDAL, Gunnar: Das politische Element in der nationalökonomischen Doktrinbildung. Aus dem Schwedischen übersetzt von G. Mackenroth. Berlin, Junker und Dünnhaupt Verlag, 1932. Ein Band in 8vo; XI, (1), 309, (1) Seiten; privater roter Halbperkalineinband über braun gemaserten Deckeln, Ecken verstärkt, Rückentitel in Goldprägung, nicht berieben oder bestossen, sechs Seiten mit wenigen schwachen Unterstreichungen im Text, sonst sauber und frisch, sehr gutes Exemplar.

110 €

Erste deutsche Ausgabe. Das Buch ist dogmenhistorisch angelegt und setzt sich im wesentlichen mit der angelsächsischen Gedankenwelt auseinander.



53. NAU, Bernhard Sebastian: Erste Linien der Kameralwissenschaft, Frankfurt am Main, bei Barrentrapp und Wenner, 1791. Ein Band in kl. 8vo; (4), 4, 444 Seiten; Pappband der Zeit, neu mit marmorierten Papier im Stile der Zeit bezogen, etwas Rückenvergoldung und neues Rückenschild im Stile der Zeit, nicht berieben oder bestossen, Exlibris auf Innenseite Vorderdeckel „G.C. von Fechenbach“, innen sehr sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

780 €

Erste Ausgabe. B.S. Nau (1766-1845) war Professor für Polizeiwissenschaften und Statistik in Mainz. Sein Werk *Erste Linien der Kameralwissenschaft* steht ganz auf dem Boden der damals in Deutschland vorherrschenden kameralistischen Lehre. In seiner Schrift geht er nicht auf die inzwischen weit verbreiteten Lehren und Erkenntnisse von Adam Smith ein. Das Werk behandelt Bergbau, Landwirtschaft, Forstwirtschaft, Technologie und Handlungswissenschaft. **Roscher S. 602, Stammhammer Finanzwissenschaft S. 33, Humpert 823**

54. PATTEN, Simon N.: The economic basis of protection. Philadelphia, J.B. Lippincott Company, 1890. One volume in 8vo; (2) blank, (6), 144, (10), (2) blank; original brown publisher's cloth, extremities slightly rubbed, covers a bit discolored towards lower corner, brown endpapers, on front free endpaper *with the publisher's compliments* in ink, else clean and crisp, a very good copy.

70 €

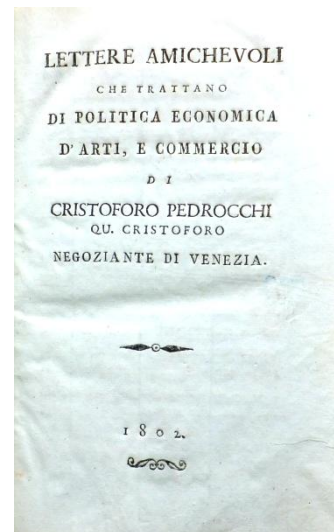
First edition. Patten « is chiefly remembered for his advocacy of protectionism – this alone was a barrier between him and the large majority of the profession – for his conception of an *economy of plenty*, in which neither diminishing returns nor thrift would be of primary importance any more. This savors, on the one hand of dilletantism, but on the other hand, a later current thought, successfully anticipated”. (Schumpeter p. 876). **Batson p. 151 (2nd ed.), Hollander 3305, Menger c. 498**

55. (PATULLO, Henry): Essai sur l'amélioration des terres. A Paris, chez Durand, 1759. One volume in 12mo. ; XII, 285, (3) pp. plus three engraved tables, contemporary marbled calf, raised band, spine gilt in compartments with red gilt lettering-piece, minor rubbing and bumping, red edges, marbled endpapers, free endpapers with contemporary annotations, else clean and crisp, a good copy.

290 €

Second edition, first published in 1758. The long dedication to Madame Pompadour forms an excellent résumé of the physiocratic doctrine. Patullo was a friend of Fr. Quesnay, and in his work he could make use of some articles which Quesnay had written for the "Encyclopédie" of Diderot and d'Alembert. **Kress 5804, Higgs 1925, Barbier II, 226**

The effect of the Tuscan reforms on commerce and trade in Italy

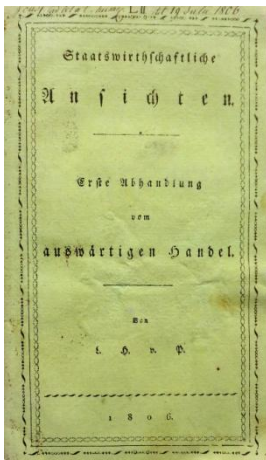


56. PEDROCCHI, CRISTOFERO : Lettere amichevole che trattano di politica economica, d'arti e commercio. [n.p., n.p.], 1802. 8vo, pp. 124; printed on light-blue paper; bound in contemporary calf-backed boards, attractive pattern paper endpapers; a very crisp and attractive copy.

670 €

First edition, rare, of this very attractive series of letters on trade, commerce, manufacturing and political economy, written by a Venetian merchant operating (and writing) from Bergamo. After a dedication to the people of Venice and all Italians, Pedrocchi begins with a brief outline of the commercial cycle and the interdependence of markets. He maintains that a healthy manufacturing industry is the most important factor in the economic success of a state, and cites Great Britain as a glowing example. He makes extensive reference to the Tuscan reform projects initiated under Leopold II, which resulted in greater freedom of trade, the abolition of guild restrictions, and various initiatives to promote manufacturing industry. Though not a scientific treatment of political economy or the Tuscan reforms, this work testifies to the wide-ranging effect the reforms had had all over Italy. **Kress Italian 706; not in Einaudi; OCLC records copies at Harvard, Rochester and University of Kansas only.**

In defence of free trade



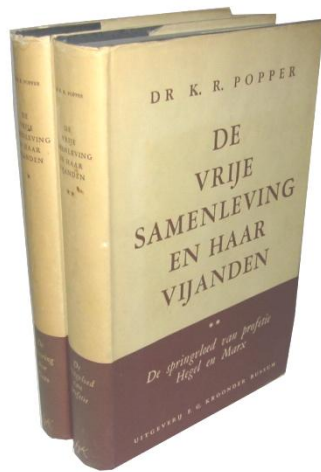
57.PLESSEN, L.E. H.VON: Über das natürliche Verhältniss und die Beschränkungen des Handels zwischen verschiedenen Staaten in Beziehung auf die gegenwärtigen Zeitvorfälle. [colophon:] Regensburg, Heinrich Augustin, (Hamburg, Perthes und Besser), 1806. 8vo, pp. [iv], 82, [1] imprint, [1] blank; original printed green wrappers; mss inscription at head, dated 19 July 1806.

580 €

First edition of this discussion of the economic importance of free trade and the impact of trade restrictions, published during the time of the continental blockade, by Leopold von Plessen (1769-1837). In the first part Plessen discusses the free development of trade, the impact of any state intervention, be it taxation or regulation, and the development of powerful trading nations. The second part deals more specifically with the impact of the Continental Blockade, instituted by Napoleonic France to defeat England. Plessen argues that some parts of trade and industry might be improved by greater reliance on home production, that alternative supply routes might be developed, but in general maintains that a proper blockade is unsustainable and ultimately ineffective.

Plessen (1769-1837), a Mecklenburg economist and politician, later represented Mecklenburg at the Congress of Vienna. This publication was apparently the first and only contribution to a projected series entitled Staatwirthschaftliche Ansichten.

ADB XXVI, 272; Goldsmiths' -Kress 19244.15; Humpert 10163.

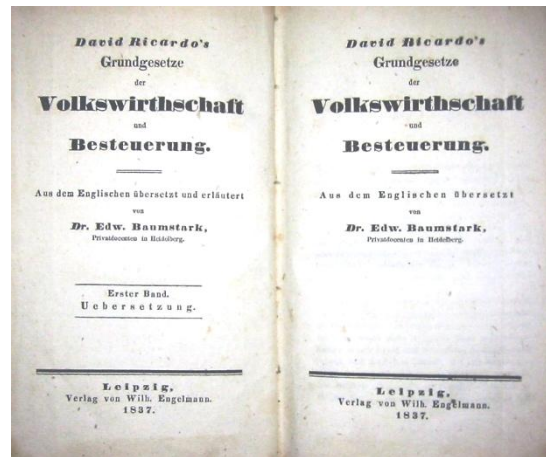
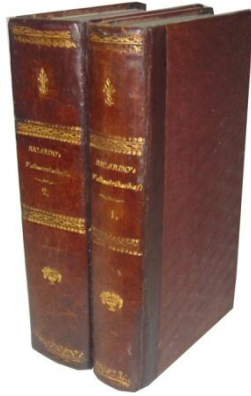


58. POPPER, K.R.: De vrije samenleving en haar vijanden. Bussum, Uitgeverij F.G. Kroonder, 1950. Two volumes in 8vo; pp. 306, 400; original publisher's cloth, no rubbing or bumping, gilt lettering to spine and front cover, unclipped dust jacks present and slightly bumped at extremities, age-toning throughout towards edges, else clean and crisp, a very good set. **50 €**

First Dutch edition of both volumes of *The open society and its enemies* (1945). Karl Popper (1902-94), Austrian by origin, emigrated 1937 to New Zealand where he taught at the Canterbury University College in Christchurch and where he wrote *The open society and its enemies*. In 1946, with the help of his friend F.A. von Hayek, he became a Reader in Logic and Scientific Method at the London School of Economics. Popper's main work is a masterly criticism and attack on totalitarianism. He dedicated it to the millions who have been sacrificed to the doctrine of Historical Inevitability, and his defense of democracy against its totalitarian opponents involves not only a respect for facts and a determination to discover them but also a determination to recognize that human beings cannot be made perfect by decree of a society invented from which conflict is absent (**Thinkers of the Twentieth Century, p. 455**).

59. REID, Thomas: Essays on the powers of the human mind; to which are added, an essay on quantity, and an analysis of Aristotle's logic. London, printed for Thomas Tegg; R. Griffin and Co., Glasgow; and J. Cummings, Dublin; 1827. One volume in 8vo.; pp. XII, 676; black half leather over brown cloth boards, corners strengthened, some rubbing to boards, skillfully re-backed, some gilding to spine and red gilt lettering-piece, frontispiece foxed, else only very minor foxing, clean and crisp, a very good copy. **160 €**

Later edition. This is a collection of essays written by the Scottish philosopher Thomas Reid (1710-1796) who was the founder of the *Scottish School of Common Sense*.



60. RICARDO, David: David Ricardo's Grundgesetze der Volkswirtschaft und Besteuerung. Aus dem Englischen übersetzt und erläutert von Dr. Edw. Baumstark. Erster Band: Uebersetzung. Zweiter Band: Erläuterungen. Leipzig, Verlag von Wilh. Engelmann, 1837-1838. Zwei Bände in 8vo; X, XXXII, 461, (3) Seiten; X, (2), 830, (2), mit 6 Falttabellen; Halbleder der Zeit, Ecken verstärkt, kleine Restaurierungen an Ecken und Kanten, Rückenvergoldung und goldgeprägte Rückentitel und Bandnummern, grüner Schnitt, innen sauber und frisch, sehr gute Exemplare.

4400 €

Erste Ausgabe der zweiten und umfassenderen deutschen Übersetzung von *On the principles of political economy and taxation 1817*. Die deutschen Übersetzungen von 1821 und 1837-38 sind aktuell seltener als die englische Erstausgabe von 1817. David Ricardo (1772-1823) kam durch Börsengeschäfte zu Ansehen und Reichtum. Adam Smith's *Wealth of Nations* weckte seine Begeisterung für die politische Ökonomie. Ab 1809 trat er mit eigenen Schriften zu ökonomischen Tagesfragen an die Öffentlichkeit. *On the principles...1817* ist sein Hauptwerk. Er folgt darin der Wertlehre von Adam Smith und erklärt die gesellschaftlich notwendige Arbeitszeit als einzige Ursache des Wertes der Waren. Bei der Preislehre hat Ricardo eine andere Sicht als Adam Smith, und er teilt auch nicht Smith's optimistische Einschätzung der wirtschaftlichen Entwicklung. Die Ausweitung der Beschäftigung infolge steigender Akkumulation trägt die Neigung zur Stagnation in sich, wenn es der Wirtschaft nicht durch technischen Fortschritt gelingt, die steigenden Nahrungsmittelkosten zu kompensieren und durch konsequenten Freihandel sich gleichschrittlich mit dem Wirtschaftswachstum billige Nahrungsmittel aus ausländischer Produktion zu erschließen.

61. RICHNER, Edmund: Le Mercier de la Rivière. Ein Führer der physiokratischen Bewegung in Frankreich. Zürich, Verlag Girsberger & Co., 1931. Ein Band in 8vo; XX, 288, (2) Seiten; bedruckte Originalbroschur, sauber, Vorderdeckel mit kleinem Einriss, innen sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

40 €

Erste Buchausgabe dieser Dissertation. Die Arbeit behandelt im ersten Teil das Leben und öffentliche Wirken M. de la Rivières, wobei die Beziehungen zur physiokratischen Schule und zur Zeitgeschichte dargestellt werden. Im zweiten Teil wird seine soziale und ökonomische Lehre analysiert. Insgesamt soll damit ein Beitrag zum Verständnis der an Anregungen reichen Geschichte der Physiokratie in Frankreich geleistet werden (aus dem Vorwort).

62. ROBBINS, Lionel: An essay on the nature & significance of economic science. London, Macmillan & Co, Ltd., 1932. One volume in 8vo; pp. XII, 141, (3); original publisher's green cloth, a bit rubbed at extremities, some gilding and gilt lettering to spine, neat name on front free endpaper, inside clean and crisp, a very good copy.

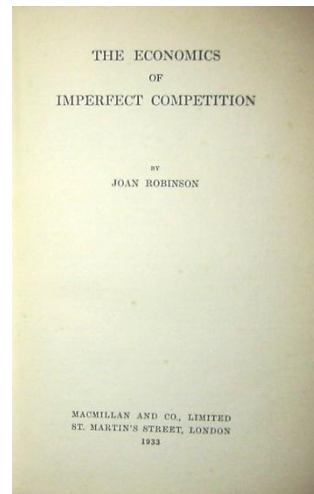
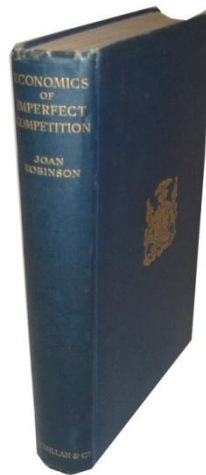
60 €

First edition. "The purpose of this essay is twofold. In the first place, it seeks to arrive at precise notions concerning the subject-matter of economic science and the nature of the generalizations of which economic science exists. Secondly it attempts to explain the limitations and the significance of these generalizations, both as a guide to the interpretation of reality and as a basis for political practice." (from preface)

63. ROBERTSON, D.H.: Money. With an introduction by J.M. Keynes. London, Nisbet & Co. Ltd., Cambridge University Press, 1922. One volume in small 8vo; pp. XII, 178, (2); original publisher's blue cloth, very little rubbed or bumped, title printed in black to spine and front cover, endpapers browned, front cover pastedown with two name inscriptions dated 1922 and 1929, edges a bit dust soiled, inside clean and crisp, a very good copy.

80 €

First edition, published as no. II of the *Cambridge Economic Handbooks*, edited by J.M. Keynes. D.H. Robertson (1890-1963) was a Keynes's pupil and collaborator. As a professor of economics he spent most of his time at Cambridge. His major contribution is to the study of business cycles. **Blaug: Who's who in economics, p. 720**



64. ROBINSON, Joan: The economics of imperfect competition. London, Macmillan and Co., Limited, 1933. One volume in 8vo; pp. XII, 352; original publisher's dark-blue cloth, extremities rubbed and a bit bumped, gilt lettering to spine, gilt coat of arms on front cover, age-toning to endpapers, else clean and crisp, a very good copy.

480 €

Rare first edition. Joan Violet Robinson (1903-1983) was a British post-Keynesian economist and the only woman ever to have achieved outstanding eminence in economic theory. Her *Economics of Imperfect Competition* taught an entire generation of economists the microeconomics that now figures so heavily in economic textbooks. **Blaug, Great economists since Keynes, p. 207; Lexikon ökonomischer Werke, pp. 424.25**

65. RUSKIN, John: Time and Tide, by Weare and Tyne. Twenty-five letters to a working man of Sunderland on the laws of work. London, Smith, Elder and Co., 1867. One volume in small 8vo; pp. (8), 199, (1); original plum cloth, spine sunned, gilt lettering to spine and front cover, spine end slightly rubbed, brown endpapers, title slightly browned, mild age-toning towards edges, else clean and crisp, a very good+ copy.

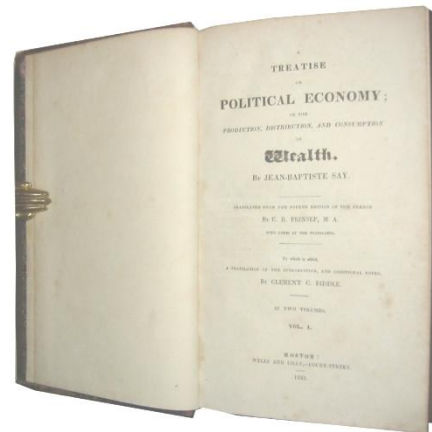
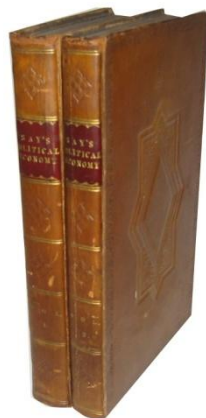
240 €

Rare first edition. John Ruskin (1819-1900) was a critic of art and architecture. The influence of Thomas Carlyle led him to outspoken social criticism and from the 1860s he assumed a position as one of the most virulent opponents of 19th-century industrial capitalism. **New Palgrave IV, p. 228-29, Menger c. 513 (later ed.)**

66. Saint-PIERRE, l'Abbé de: Discours sur la Polysynodie, où l'on démontre que la Polysynodie, ou pluralité des Conseils, est la forme de Ministère la plus avantageuse pour un Roi, & pour son Royaume. Amsterdam, chez Du Villard & Changuion, 1719. One volume in 12mo ; pp. (20), 21-265, (6) table des matières, (13) catalogue ; recently bound to style in full brown calf, raised bands, two red gilt lettering-pieces, no rubbing or bumping, sprinkled edges, title printed in red and black, pages age-toned but clean and crisp, a nice copy.

880 €

Scarce second edition, first published in 4to in 1718. Charles Irenée Castel de Saint-Pierre (1658-1743) proposed in the first edition that the power of the monarchy be tempered by a complex system of councils, including a political academy of experts who would approve candidates for state offices and deliberate on issues of governance. He immediately encountered a massive reaction that affected his membership in the *Académie Française*. This second augmented edition contains Saint-Pierre's responses to thirty-seven objections raised by his opponents and two letters he wrote to protest his exclusion from the Academy. (**The Gustave Gimon Collection of French political economy, p. 136**). **Einaudi 931, for the 1718 edition see Cioranescu 58697 and Coquelin & Guillaumin II, p. 566**



67. SAY, Jean-Baptiste: A treatise on political economy; or the production, distribution, and consumption of wealth. Translated from the fourth edition of the French by C.R. Prinsep, with notes by the translator. To which is added, a translation of the introduction, and additional notes by Clement C. Biddle. Boston, Wells and Lilly, 1821. Two volumes in 8vo; pp. LXXV, (1), 332; pp. V, (1), 311, (1); contemporary calf, extremities a bit rubbed, blind-stamped decorative borders on covers and also central blind-stamped decorative ornament at centre of covers, spine with some gilding and gilt lettering-piece and volume numbers, decorative endpapers, exlibris and old Scottish bookseller labels to front cover pastedown, some foxing and browning, heavier in volume 2, overall a good copy in an attractive binding.

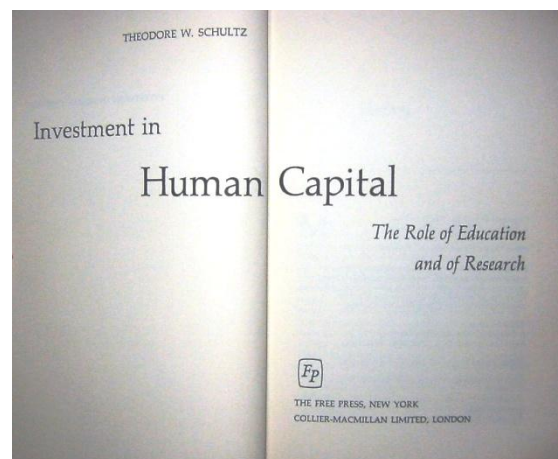
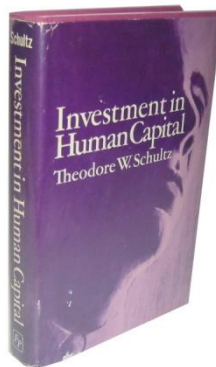
780 €

Rare first American edition of Jean-Baptiste Say's magnum opus which was, apart from the *Wealth of Nations*, the most popular economic text of the first half of the 19th century. **Einaudi 5122, Goldsmiths 23138. For the 1st French edition see Kress B 4729, Goldsmiths 18616, Einaudi 5118, INED 4110**

68. SCHMITT, Carl: Der Leviathan in der Staatslehre des Thomas Hobbes. Sinn und Fehlschlag eines politischen Symbols. Hamburg, Hanseatische Verlagsanstalt, 1938. Ein Band in 8vo; 132, (4) Seiten; originaler blauer Leineneinband, Titel in Goldprägung auf Rücken und Vorderdeckel, nur leicht berieben, innen sauber und frisch, ein schönes Exemplar.

180 €

Erste Ausgabe. Carl Schmitt (1888-1985) war Staatsrechtler und politischer Philosoph. Das vorliegende Buch ist aus zwei Vorträgen entstanden, die er 1938 vor der Philosophischen Gesellschaft in Leipzig und in der Hobbes-Gesellschaft in Kiel gehalten hat. Er berichtet darin über die Ergebnisse seiner Beschäftigung mit dem Philosophen von Malmesbury, insbesondere mit seinem Leviathan.



69. SCHULTZ, Theodore W.: Investment in Human Capital. The role of education and of research. New York, The Free Press, and London, Collier-Macmillan, 1971. One volume in 8vo; pp. XII, (2), 272; original publisher's red cloth, very slightly bumped, clean, white and blue lettering to spine, dust jacket in milar-protection a bit rubbed at spine ends, not price-clipped, name on front free endpaper, 8 pages with underlinings in blue ink, else clean and crisp, a very good+ copy in a very good+ dust jacket.

490 €

First edition, first printing. "The thrust of this work is primarily to clarify the processes and opportunities that provide the incentive to invest in human capital. In this book, I consider mainly formal education and organized research. I have tried to keep the exposition meaningful to readers who would shy away from technical economics. Most of the book pertains to the investment in formal education; my hope is that it is intelligible to those who make such investment decisions, whether they be students, their parents, teachers, academic entrepreneurs, or public agencies." (from preface)

70. SCHUMPETER, Joseph: Die sozialen Klassen im ethnisch homogenen Milieu. Ausgebunden aus *Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik*, 57. Band, Tübingen, Verlag von J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), 1927. Ein schmaler Band in 8vo; VI, Seite 1-67, dekorativer Pappband mit Titeletikett auf Vorderdeckel, Seite 1 mit Stempel im oberen Rand, leichte Tönung zu den Rändern hin, sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

190 €

Erste Ausgabe. Schumpeter ist der Auffassung, dass die Theorie der sozialen Klassen, der er eine fundamentale Bedeutung zumisst, bisher von der Wissenschaft nicht ausreichend genug bearbeitet wurde. Er selbst hatte sich zuletzt im Winter 1913/14 in einem Kolleg an der Columbia University mit dem Thema beschäftigt, musste sich dann aber anderen Themen zuwenden.

Aus Anlass eines am 19.11.1926 an der Universität Heidelberg gehalten Vortrags über Führerschaft und Klassenbildung, hat er seine Gedanken zu dem Thema neu formuliert und im obigen umfangreichen Aufsatz veröffentlicht. **Batson S. 202**

71. SCHUMPETER, Joseph A.: Konjunkturzyklen. Eine theoretische, historische und statistische Analyse der kapitalistischen Prozesse. Göttingen, Vandenhoeck & Ruprecht, 1961. Zwei Bände in gr. 8vo; XVI, (5)-459, (1) S.; XVI, 461-1132 S.; die Nummerierung zu Beginn des 1. Bandes ist fehlerhaft, der Text ist aber komplett, hellblaues Originalleinen, Rücken und Vorderdeckel schwarz bedruckt, Einbände am Rücken leicht nachgedunkelt, Name auf Titel, vereinzelt Unterstreichungen mit Bleistift, gute Exemplare.

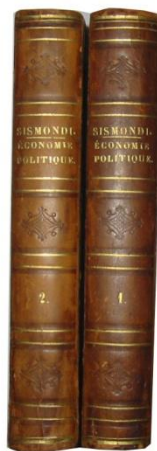
150 €

Erste deutsche Ausgabe des 1939 unter dem Titel *Business Cycles* bei McGraw-Hill, New York und London, erschienen Werkes. Es gilt als die erste umfassende Analyse der Konjunkturzyklen.

72. SISMONDI, J.Ch.L. Simonde de: Neue Grundsätze der politischen Ökonomie oder der Reichtum in seinen Beziehungen zu der Bevölkerung. Berlin, Verlag von R.L.Prager, 1901-1902. Zwei Bände in 8vo; XXVIII, 359, (1) Seiten; VI, 369, (1) Seiten und 12 Seiten Verlagsanzeigen; Halblederbänder der Zeit mit Rückenvergoldung und goldgeprägten Rückentiteln, Lederecken, wenig berieben oder bestoßen, geringe Spuren von entfernten Papieretiketten auf Rücken, Titel mit Bibliotheksnummer auf Vorderseite und Stempel auf Rückseite, innen frisch und sauber, gute Exemplare.

280 €

Erste deutsche Ausgabe, erschienen als Band 9 und 10 der Bibliothek der Volkswirtschaftslehre und Gesellschaftswissenschaft, begründet von F. Stölpel. Es ist die Übersetzung der zweiten Ausgabe des berühmten Werkes von Sismondi, erscheinen 1827, die als die beste Ausgabe gilt. Mit dieser Schrift des Schweizer Ökonomen wurden erstmals eine Reihe von Konzepten und Theorien veröffentlicht, die später für die Entwicklung der Wirtschaftswissenschaften große Bedeutung erlangen sollten. Sismondi entwickelte die erste umfassende Gleichgewichtstheorie des Einkommens und das erste Wachstumsmodell. Nach Blaug hatte dieses Werk von Sismondi einen großen Einfluss auf Malthus und seine *Principles of political economy*. **Sauer 5/1968: 1749, Masui S. 957**

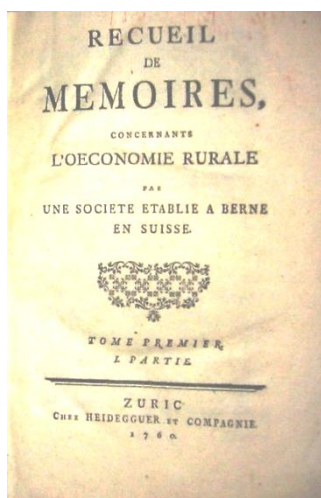
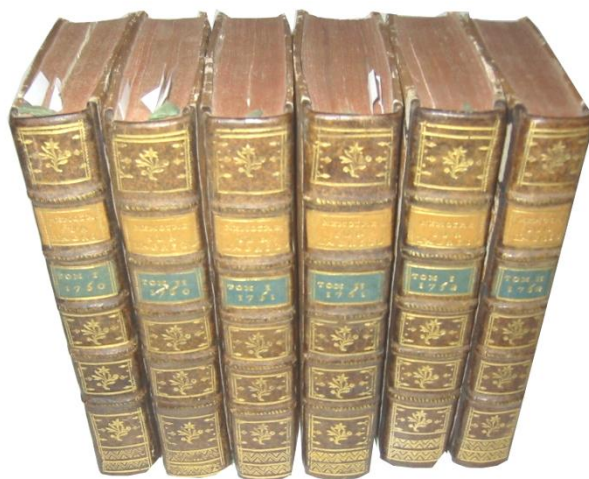


73. SISMONDI, Jean Charles Leonard Simonde de: Nouveaux principes d'économie politique, ou de la richesse dans ces rapports avec la population. Paris, Delaunay, 1827.

Two volumes in 8vo ; pp. (4), XXIV, 514 ; pp. (4), 506 ; contemporary half calf over blue cloth boards, leather corners, spine with some gilding and blind-stamped decorations, gilt lettering and volume numbers to spine, only minor rubbing and bumping, front hinge of volume 2 with a split of 3 cm at bottom, top end of front cover of volume sunned, ex libris to front covers verso, some light foxing in places, else a clean and crisp set from the library of the prince of Lichtenstein.

1.600 €

Second edition, originally published in 1819. The text of this edition has been substantially modified after the economic crisis of the years 1820-25, and is considered the best edition of this work. Sismondi developed the first aggregate equilibrium income theory and the first algebraic growth model. According to Blaug the *Nouveaux principes d'économie politique* had a profound influence on Malthus' *Principles of political economy*. **Einaudi 5307, Goldsmiths 25201, Masui 480, Menger c. 672**



74. SOCIÉTÉ OECONOMIQUE DE BERNE: Recueil de memoires, concernant l'oeconomie rurale, par une société établie à Berne en Suisse. Zürich, Heidegger et Compagnie, 1760-61, 4 vols in 8vo. Mémoires et observations recueillies par la Société Oeconomique de Berne. Berne, chez la Société Typographique, 1762, 2 vols in 8vo.

With 9 engraved folding plates and one folding table. Contemporary half calf, boards a bit rubbed, raised bands, richly decorated spines with two contrasting gilt lettering-pieces, red edges, 2 vols with occasional mild browning, else clean and crisp, an attractive set.

1380 €

The first 6 volumes of in total 21 (1760-1773). The collected articles concern agriculture, but also demographic questions and commerce. Among the authors are the Marquis de Mirabeau and the Marquis de Turbilly. For a detailed description see **INED 4745, Higgs 2180, Kress 5895, Einaudi 6208, Menger c. 730 (later ed.)**

75. SOMMER, Louise: Die österreichischen Kameralisten in dogmengeschichtlicher Darstellung. Erster Teil – zweiter Teil. Wien, Verlagsbuchhandlung Carl Konegen (Ernst Stülpnagel), 1920 und 1925. Zwei Bände in 8vo; VIII, 119, (1) Seiten; XIV, (29; \$) Seiten, bedruckte Originalbroschur, Teil 1 etwas lichtrandig, Ecken und Kanten bestossen, unaufgeschnitten, Teil 1 innen leicht gebräunt, sonst sauber und frisch, ein gutes Exemplar.

120 €

Erste Ausgabe, erschienen in zwei Teilen. Der erste Teil enthält eine allgemeine Charakteristik des Merkantilsystems. Den eigentlichen dogmengeschichtlichen Teil enthält der weitaus umfassendere zweite Teil. Dabei werden nicht nur österreichische Kameralisten im engeren (territorialen) Sinne behandelt, sondern alle bedeutenden deutschsprachigen Vertreter des Kameralismus. **Sauer 5/1968: 1296**

76. SPIESS, Werner: Das Marktprivileg. Die Entwicklung von Marktprivileg und Marktrecht insbesondere auf Grund der Kaiserurkunden. Heidelberg, Carl Winters Universitätsbuchhandlung, 1916. 8vo; Rückenbroschur; Titelblatt, Seiten 297-359, (1); Titelblatt mit kleinem Einriss, letztes Blatt mit kleiner Fehlstelle im unteren Rand, erstes und letztes Blatt mit kleinem Stempel, sauber, gutes Exemplar.

20 €

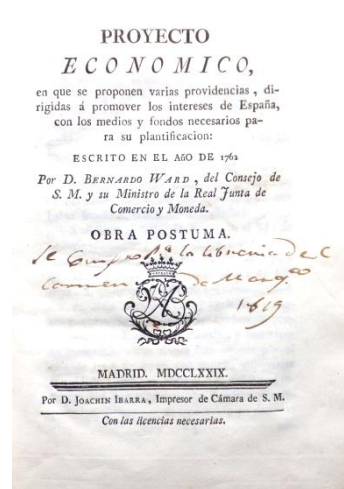
Inaugural-Dissertation, erschien gleichzeitig als Heft 3 des XI. Bandes der von Prof. Dr. Konrad Beyerle herausgegebenen *Deutschrechtlichen Beiträge*. Werner Spiess (1891-1972) war deutscher Historiker sowie Professor für Verfassungs- und Wirtschaftsgeschichte.

77. TUGAN-BARANOWSKY, Michael: Soziale Theorie der Verteilung. Berlin, Verlag von Julius Springer, 1913. Ein Band in 8vo; (4), 82, (2) Seiten; bedruckter Originalkarton, leicht bestossen und zu den Rändern hin etwas gebräunt bzw. staubig, unaufgeschnitten, innen geringe Bräunung, sauber, ein gutes bis sehr gutes Exemplar.

50 €

Erste separate Ausgabe. Sonderdruck aus *Annalen für soziale Politik und Gesetzgebung*, 2. Band, Heft 5 und 6. „In dieser kleinen Schrift habe ich den Versuch gemacht, eine Verteilungstheorie darzulegen, die von der herrschenden sich unterscheidet. Diese Theorie habe ich als soziale bezeichnet, weil ihre Eigentümlichkeit in der Hervorhebung der sozialen Faktoren der Einkommensbildung besteht.“ (aus dem Vorwort)

Spanish economy in the 18th century – measures of reform



78. WARD, BERNARDO : Proyecto Economico, en que se proponen varias providencias, dirigidas á promover los intereses de España, con los medios y fondos necesarios para su plantificacion: Escrito en el Año de 1762 ... Opera Postuma. Madrid, D. Joachin Ibarra, 1779. 4to, pp. [iv], xxviii, 400, armorial woodcut to title; contemporary full limp vellum, spine lettered in manuscript, tear to endpaper; a very fine and crisp copy with contemporary ownership note to title.

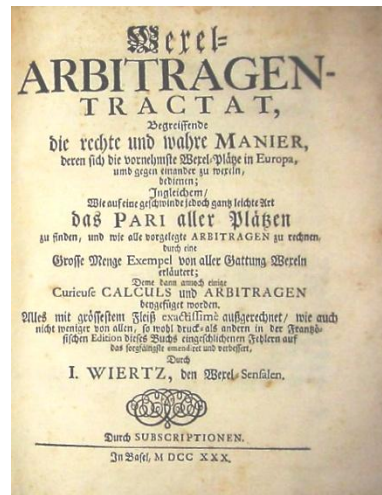
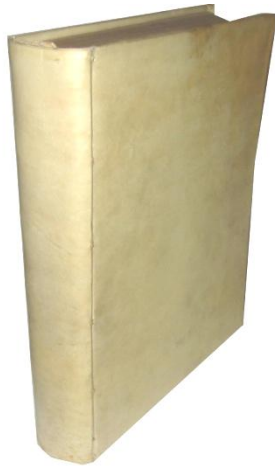
890 €

First edition, rare, of 'perhaps the best digested and most methodical book written on these topics [i.e. political economy] in Spain during the [eighteenth] century, giving a clear insight into the causes of the decay of the country, which, like his predecessors, Uztariz and Ulloa, Ward ascribes to the neglect of trade and industry, and to the absurd system of taxation which had prevailed for more than two centuries. Like them, Ward is a mercantilist, but more discriminating and less extreme' (Palgrave, III, p. 656).

Bernardo Ward (died around 1760), of Irish descent and in the employment of King Ferdinand VI of Spain, travelled throughout Europe to study the means of remedying the state of the poor and to promote trade and manufactures in Spain. The clear outcome of these travels is this considered and detailed report, and his proposals for reform. He suggests the foundation of a land-bank and far-reaching reform of taxes and tariffs, including the exemption of national manufacturing industry from internal taxation, free inland trade in corn, and free trade with the Spanish colonies. Manufacturing is to be encouraged by the abolition of guilds, and active settlement of 'industrious' foreigners in Spain. His far-reaching reforms of the poor laws, which were first published separately under the title *Obra Pia*, are appended at the end. An extensive section deals with the American colonies and contains proposals to grant the native population the freehold of a certain proportion of the land.

Ward's study, published posthumously, proved popular and was reprinted in 1779, 1782 and 1787.

Colmeiro 401; Kress B243; Palau 373988; Sabin 101282.



79. WIERTZ, Isaac: Wexel-Arbitragen-Tractat, begreifende die rechte und wahre Manier, deren sich die vornehmste Wexel-Plätze in Europa, umb gegen einander zu wexeln, bedienen; ingleichen, wie auf eine geschwinde jedoch ganz leichte Art das Pari aller Plätzen zu finden, und wie alle vorgelegte Arbitragen zu rechnen, durch eine grosse Menge Exempel von aller Gattung Wexeln erläutert; deme dann annoch einige curieuse Calculs und Arbitragen beygefüget worden. Basel, durch Subskriptionen, 1730. Ein Band in 4to; 4 Bll., 579 Seiten, 4 Bll.; Pergamentband der Zeit, minimal fleckig oder bestossen, gesprenkelter Schnitt, fliegender Vorsatz mit altem Namenszug, zu Beginn im Oberrand etwas wasserrandig, leicht gebräunt und vereinzelt minimal stockfleckig, montiertes Wappensiegel und eigenhändige Unterschrift des Autors unter der Nachricht, die die Echtheit der Ausgabe bezeugen und vor Raubkopien schützen soll, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

1180 €

Erste deutsche Ausgabe, erstmals 1728 in französischer Sprache erschienen. Frühes Handbuch zu den Wechselgeschäften. Isaac Wiertz war Nachkomme einer Frankfurter Familie, die um 1650 in Basel eingebürgert wurde. Auf dem Titel der französisch-sprachigen Ausgabe weist er sich als *Agent de Change de la ville de Bâle* aus. **Humpert 7048, Kress S 3255 (franz. Ausgabe)**

80. WIESER, Friedrich Freiherr von: Gesammelte Abhandlungen. Mit einer biographischen Einleitung herausgegeben von Friedrich A. v. Hayek. Tübingen, Verlag von J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), 1929. Ein Band in 8vo; Portrait, XXXIV, (2), 404 Seiten; bedruckte Originalbroschur, gering angestaubt und bestossen, ungeöffnet und unbeschnitten, innen sauber und frisch, ein sehr gutes Exemplar.

120 €

Erste Ausgabe. Friedrich Freiherr von Wieser (1851-1926) war nach dem Studium Beamter der Finanzverwaltung. Nach seiner Habilitation war er zunächst Professor in Prag und später in Wien. Von 1917-1918 war er Handelsminister. Er war der Hauptvertreter der neoklassischen Grenznutzenschule und gilt zusammen mit Carl Menger und Eugen von Böhm-Bawerk als Begründer der Österreichischen Schule. Besonders wertvoll in diesen Abhandlungen ist der vierte Abschnitt *Geldtheorie und Währungspolitik*. Diese Forschungen Wiesers wurden zu einem Wendepunkt in der Entwicklung der Geld(wert)-lehre und sind unter dem Namen der *Einkommenstheorie des Geldes* allgemein bekannt geworden. **Sauer 5/1968: 2545**